World History/Duffy Do not write on test!

**Unit 1Exam:**

**Ancient Civs, World Religions and The Birth of Western Civilization**

1. What is another name for the Old Stone Age or the era when people began to settle down and farm?

1. Paleolithic period

b. Neolithic period

c. Neolithic revolution

d. Catalhuyuk

2. Neanderthals

a. were tall and athletic.

b. short and stocky with wide noses.

c. had sophisticated tools and weapons.

d. Had a sophisticated language.

e. All of the above

3. Cro-Magnons

a. were from Africa.

b. were tall and athletic

c. had sophisticated tools and weapons.

d. were hygienic.

e. All of the above

4. Which of the following was a direct result of the Neolithic Revolution?

a. an increase in the number of nomadic tribes.

b. a reliance on hunting and gathering for food.

c. the establishment of villages and the rise of governments.

d. a decrease in trade between cultural groups.

5. The earliest civilizations to develop were

a. simple, with command economies.

b. established on the Mediterranean Sea.

c. located near major rivers.

d. large and powerful.

6. Ancient Sumerian temples at the center of each city-state were built on platforms called

a. pyramids.

b. acropolis.

c. ziggurats.

d. parthenons.

7. Which term refers to the Egyptian writing system?

a. cuneiform.

b. hieroglyphics.

c. numeric.

d. wedge-forms.

8. Which statement correctly describes the religious beliefs of both Egyptians and

 Sumerians?

 a. monotheistic

 b. polytheistic

c. atheist

d. philosophical

9. The Egyptian ruler is known as a

 a. monarch

b. pharaoh

c. philosopher

d. aristocrat

10. Which ancient civilization settled in the Nile River Valley?

a. Sumer

b. Mesopotamia

c. Egypt

d. Indus Civilization

11. The Pyramids were

 a. tombs.

 b. palaces.

 c. temples.

 d. malls.

12. The Aryans were an ancient civilization of which region?

 a. Egypt

 b. China

 c. Indian subcontinent

 d. Greece

13. The Buddhist religion teaches that salvation is earned by

 a. following the Ten Commandments.

 b. worshiping Allah as the one true god.

 c. learning to give up selfish desirers.

 d. being baptized and confirmed.

14. In India, which aspect of society has been most influenced by religious beliefs, tradition, and the

 division of labor?

 a. caste system

 b. food production

 c. construction of cities

 d. parliamentary government

15. 80% of India’s population is

 a. Buddhist

 b. Christian

 c. Hindu

 d. Muslim

16. The Chinese were the first to develop

 a. paper as we know it.

 b. gun powder and fireworks.

 c. Asian noodles.

 d. All of the above

17. Which geographic factor has helped China remain isolated for many centuries?

a. many natural harbors

b. navigable river systems

c. severe climate

d. northern and western mountain ranges

18. What purpose did Confucianism serve in traditional China?

a. maintain social order

b. create ethnic unrest

c. emphasize material wealth

d. support democratic government

19. The Eightfold Path, the Four Noble Truths, and the concept of nirvana are associated with which

 religion?

a. Islam

b. Hinduism

c. Shinto

d. Buddhism

20. The Vedas is the holy book for which faith?

 a. Buddhism

b. Christianity

c. Hinduism

d. Judaism

21. This form of government means “rule by a few.”

 a. Democracy

 b. Monarchy

 c. Aristocracy

 d. Oligarchy

22. Which river is considered by Hindus to flow from Heaven?

 a. Euphrates

 b. Ganges

 C. Indus

 d. Nile

23. Which statement is true?

 a. Sparta was more opened and democratic

 b. Sparta placed emphasis on military training

 c. Spartan boys studied more subjects than Athenians

 d. Athens was more economically prosperous

24. The Parthenon is an example of Greek innovations in

 a. sculpture

 b. drama

 c. architecture

 d. philosophy

25. Why didn’t the Greek city-states ever unite?

 a. they had different languages

 b. the climate was too harsh

 c. they were unaware of each other’s existence

 d. they were isolated by geography.

26. The Ancient Athenians are credited with

 a. Inventing and using the wheel

 b. eliminating slavery

 c. establishing governments that had democratic elements

 d. inventing the printing press

27. A boy in ancient Greece grows up learning reading, writing, arithmetic, physical education, and

 music. Where might he have lived?

 a. The island of Crete

 b. Athens

 c. Sparta

 d. Thebes

28. In which general area did Socrates, who said “know thyself”, make significant contributions?

 a. History

 b. Science

 c. Philosophy

29. Identify a major impact of Ancient Greece on Western Civilization.

 a. Achieving a classless society, which was later copied in Western Europe

 b. Greek sculpture and architecture admired and copied in the 18th and 19th centuries

 c. Transmission of Islamic philosophy to the areas they conquered

 d. The Greek language is still widely spoken in universities throughout the West.

30. Which generalization about democratic governments is most valid?

 a. require a highly industrialized society

 b. first evolved in North America

 c. prevent their citizens from traveling abroad

 d. protect basic civil liberties

31. Which statement **best** describes the ancient Greek city-state of Sparta?

 a. primarily concerned with the health of their people

 b. powerful military state

 c. granted universal suffrage to their people

 d. placed great emphasis on literature and the art

32. Which ancient civilization featured the Great Bath?

 a. China

b. Egypt

c. Indus River

d. Mesopotamia

33. Who is the punch line of the Crash Course videos’ joke that we will learn about in a few weeks?

 a. The Egyptians

 b. The Irish

 c. The Japanese

 d. The Mongols

34. Which of the following is Islam’s holiest city?

 a. Alexandria

b. Jerusalem

c. Mecca

 d. Medina

35. What was a major form of entertainment for ancient Romans?

 a. Bulldog fights

 b. Plays

 c. Orchestra concerts

 d. Gladiator fights

36. Jesus was born a

 a. Christian

 b. Jew

 c. Muslim

 d. none of the above

37. What made people begin to believe Jesus’ teachings?

 a. The hope of the promise of a reward in heaven even if you were suffering on earth

 b. They were afraid of Jesus

 c. The Romans forced everyone to believe in Jesus

 d. They believed they would get rich if they followed him

38. Why was Jesus crucified?

 a. He disobeyed many Roman laws

 b. He was organizing an army to fight against the Romans

 c. The Roman leaders thought he was a threat to their government

 d. The Jewish priests thought he was causing people to act violently

39. The Hindu belief that actions of a person’s life affect his or her fate in the next life is

a. Dowry

b. Rajah

c. Karma

d. Monsoons

40. The Hindu and Buddhist belief that the there is new life after death is

 a. Darma

 b. Reincarnation

 c. Puja

 d. Nirvana

**Match** the following types of government with their correct description.

41. Democracy

42. Monarchy

43. Republic

44. Empire

45. Oligarchy

A. Government of the people, by the people, and for the people.

B. A single ruler has absolute power and ***unites other countries under him or her.***

C. Type of government in which people vote for their leaders.

D. Rule by king or queen.

E. Rule by a few.

**Matching:** Fill in the letter of the answer that best defines the numbered word.

46. Prehistory

47. Hominid

48. Domestication

49. Artisan

A. Raising animals right outside your own home.

B. Any item found that was left behind by ancient humans

C. The period of history before writing was developed.

D. A type of animal that was very human-like, and walked on two legs.

**Matching:** Fill in the letter of the religion that best defines the description.

1. Judaism
2. Christianity
3. Buddhism
4. Hinduism
5. Islam

50. The first monotheistic religion.

51. This religion believes “Allah is God and

 Muhammad is his prophet.”

52. Founded after the life and death of the

 believed Messiah.

53. This faith was born in India, but has its

 biggest following in China.

54. The Quran is this faith’s holy book.

55. This faith was founded by Siddhartha

 Gautama.

56. Worships from the Torah and in a

 Synagogue.

57. Holy Book includes an Old and New

 Testament.

58. Believes their homeland was given to them

 by God through the Four Promises.

59. Follows the Eightfold Path.

60. Has a four tiered caste system with a

 homeless class called “Untouchables”.